ALUMINIUM SULFATE

CAS No: 10043-01-3 RTECS No: BD1700000 UN No: EC No: Aluminium sulphate Aluminium trisulfate Alum $Al_2S_3O_{12} / Al_2(SO_4)_3$ Molecular mass: 342.14

TYPES OF HAZARD/ EXPOSURE	ACUTE HAZARDS/SYMPTOMS	PREVENTION	FIRST AID/FIRE FIGHTING	
FIRE	Not combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.		In case of fire in the surroundings: all extinguishing agents allowed.	
EXPLOSION			In case of fire: keep drums, etc., cool by spraying with water.	
EXPOSURE		PREVENT DISPERSION OF DUST! STRICT HYGIENE!		
Inhalation	Cough. Shortness of breath. Sore throat.	Avoid inhalation of fine dust and mist. Local exhaust or breathing protection.	Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.	
Skin	Redness. Pain.	Protective gloves. Protective clothing.	Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Refer for medical attention.	
Eyes	Corrosive. Redness. Severe deep burns.	Safety goggles.	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.	
Ingestion	Abdominal pain. Burning sensation. Nausea. Vomiting.	Do not eat, drink, or smoke during work.	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give plenty of water to drink. Refer for medical attention.	
		1		
SPILLAGE DISPOSAL		PACKAGING & LABELLING		
Sweep spilled substance into containers; if appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting (extra personal protection: P2 filter respirator for harmful particles).		Symbol R: S: UN Hazard Class: UN Pack Group:		
EMERGENCY RESPONSE		STORAGE		
		Separated from strong bases. Dry.		
		Prepared in the contex	t of cooperation between the International	
IPCS	A BAN BANK AN	Programme on Chemi	cal Safety and the European Commission	

International Programme on Chemical Safety





Programme on Chemical Safety and the European Commission © IPCS 1999

SEE IMPORTANT INFORMATION ON THE BACK.

ALUMINIUM SULFATE

IMPORTANT DATA			
Physical State; Appearance ODOURLESS WHITE, LUSTROUS CRYSTALS OR POWDER.	Routes of Exposure The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation		
Chemical Dangers	and by ingestion.		
The substance decomposes on heating or on burning	Inhalation Risk		
producing toxic and corrosive fumes including sulfur oxides.	Evaporation at 20°C is negligible; a harmful concentration of		
alkalis and attacks many metals in presence of water.	dispersed, especially if powdered.		
Occupational Exposure Limits	Effects of Short-term Exposure		
TLV (as Al soluble salt): ppm; 2 mg/m ³ (ACGIH 1993-1994).	The substance irritates the eyes, the skin and the respiratory tract. Corrosive on ingestion.		

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Melting point (decomposes): 770°C Relative density (water = 1): 2.71

1191

Solubility in water: good

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

This substance may be hazardous to the environment; special attention should be given to fish.

NOTES

Cake alum, pickle alum, filter alum, papermaker's alum and pearl alum are other common names of aluminium sulfate. Occurs in nature as the mineral alunogenite.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Neither the EC nor the IPCS nor any person acting on behalf of the EC or the IPCS is responsible for the use which might be made of this information